

Implementing Fiber-based Steganography for Pairings

Tolga Acar, Karen Easterbrook and
Brian LaMacchia

Motivation

This is Mira Belenkiy



Mira's new pairing:

$$e(g^a, h^b) = e(g, h)^{ab}$$

For the past year, Mira's been working on a new kind of pairing

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No, not that kind of pairing...

Mira's New Pairing

Nomi



Ellie



Problem Statement

- We want a protocol to send private information to the new pairing
 - Without ~~Mommy~~ Eve learning the message
- Encryption? Not an option in this model...
 - Yes, they're Mira's kids, but they still can't do AES in their heads before they can walk

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- Solution?
 - Steganography! Specifically, Fiber-based
 - Must be washable and drool-proof

Fiber-based Steganography

- Start with some fibers (cotton)
- Weave them together into dense sheets (cloth)
- Choose an alphabet to encode your message
 - Ours have 4 symbols: W A I L
- Define width d , different lengths l_W, l_A, l_I, l_L
- Cut lots of strips of cloth, piled by length



We want randomized buckets



So, add appropriate randomization



Symbol encoding

- For each symbol, draw (w/o replacement) from the corresponding bucket
 - But if you get successive identical patterns, draw again
- Concatenate (e.g. sew) into a “stream”
 - One ginormous strip of cloth (~230 feet long)
- Segment the stream into 86in long “blocks” (strips)
- Tile the strips into a rectangle
 - This is the ciphertext

The Ciphertext



Decoding the Concealed Message



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Decoding the Concealed Message



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E L E C

The background of the slide is a vibrant, multi-colored patchwork. It features a variety of patterns including floral motifs, geometric shapes like hexagons and squares, and abstract designs. The color palette is diverse, encompassing shades of blue, green, yellow, orange, red, and brown, creating a rich and textured visual effect.

Electronic cash is an important tool for preserving on-line privacy. It allows a user to make purchases without revealing his identity to the merchant and prevents banks from monitoring the transactions of all their users. In this thesis, we use secret sharing techniques to extend electronic cash.

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We examine the problem of fair exchange that lets a user atomically exchange an electronic coin

Abstract of "Sharing Secrets for Fun and Profit" by Mira Belenkiy, Ph.D., Brown University, May 2008.

Successful Message Transmission



Credits

Quilt Implementation	Karen Easterbrook
Consulting Cryptographer #1	Tolga Acar
Consulting Cryptographer #2	Brian LaMacchia
Entropy Injector #1	Skipper “Skip” Easterbrook
Entropy Injector #2	Fender “Fen” Easterbrook-Sutton